



## WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1	1. A method of preventing or treating a disease characterized by amyloid
2	deposit in a patient, comprising administering an effective dosage of an antibody that
3	specifically binds to the amyloid deposit or a component thereof to the patient.
1	2. The method of claim 1, wherein the disease is Alzheimer's disease.
1	3. The method of claim 1, wherein the amyloid deposit comprises
2	aggregated Aβ peptide.
1	4. The method of claim 1, wherein the patient is a human.
1	5. The method of claim 1, wherein the patient is asymptomatic.
1	6. The method of claim 1, wherein the patient is under 50.
1	7. The method of claim 1, wherein the patient has inherited risk factors
2	indicating susceptibility to Alzheimer's disease.
1	8. The method of claim 1, wherein the patient has no known risk factors
2	for Alzheimer's disease.
1	9. The method of claim 2, wherein the antibody specifically binds to Aβ
2	peptide.
1	10. The method of claim 9, wherein the antibody is a human antibody.
1	11. The method of claim 9, wherein the antibody is a humanized antibody.
1	12. The method of claim 9, wherein the antibody is a chimeric antibody.
1	13. The method of claim 9, wherein the antibody is a mouse antibody.
1	14. The method of claim 9, wherein the antibody is a polyclonal antibody.
1	15. The method of claim 9, wherein the antibody is a monoclonal
2	antibody.
1	16. The method of claim 14, wherein the antibody is a rabbit antibody.



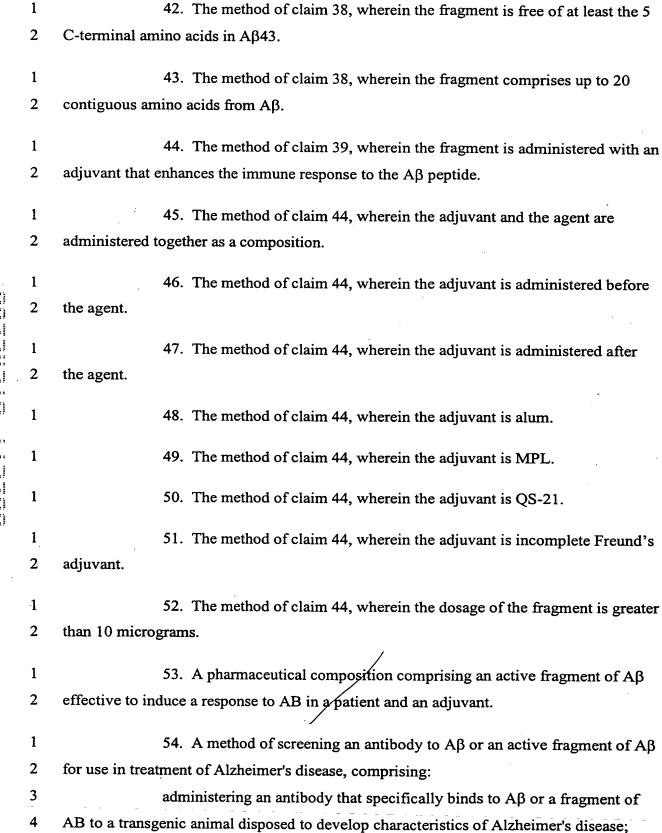


1	17. The method of claim 1, further comprising administering an effective
2	dosage of a second antibody that binds to the amyloid deposit or a component thereof.
1	18. The method of claim 15, wherein the isotype of the antibody is IgG
2	or IgG4.
1	19. The method of claim 15, wherein the isotype of the antibody is IgG2
2	or IgG3.
1	20. The method of claim 9, wherein the antibody is a Fab fragment.
1	21. The method of claim 9, wherein a chain of the antibody is fused to a
2	heterologous polypeptide.
1	22. The method of claim 9, wherein the dosage of antibody is at least 1
2	mg/kg body weight of the patient.
1	23. The method of claim 9, wherein the dosage of antibody is at least 10
2	mg/kg body weight of the patient.
1	24. The method of claim 9, wherein the antibody is administered with a
2	carrier as a pharmaceutical composition.
1	25. The method of claim 9, wherein the antibody binds to an epitope
2	within residues 1-28 of Aβ,
1	26. The method of claim 25, wherein the antibody binds to an epitope
2	within residues 1-10 of Aβ
1	27. The method of claim 25, wherein the antibody binds to an epitope
2	within residues 1-16 of Aβ.
1	28. The method of claim 25, wherein the antibody binds to an epitope
2	within residues 1-5 of $A\beta$ .
1	29. The method of claim 9, wherein the antibody is a human antibody to
2 -	Aß prepared from B cells from a human immunized with an Aß pentide.

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within amino acids 13-28 of Aβ.

1	30. The method of claim, wherein the human immunized with A $\beta$ peptide
2	is the patient.
1	31. The method of claim 9, wherein the antibody specifically binds to Aβ
2	peptide without binding to full-length amyloid precursor protein (APP).
1	32. The method of claim 1, wherein the agent is administered
2	intraperitoneally, orally, subcutaneously, intramuscularly, topically or intravenously.
1	33. The method of claim 1, wherein the antibody is administered by
2	administering a polynucleotide encoding at least one antibody chain to the patient,
3	wherein the polynucleotide is expressed to produce the antibody chain in the patient.
1	34. The method of claim 33, wherein the polynucleotide encodes heavy
2	and light chains of the antibody, which polynucleotide is expressed to produce the heavy
3	and light chains in the patient.
1	35. The method of 1, further comprising monitoring the patient for level
2	of administered antibody in the blood of the patient.
1	36. The method of claim 1, wherein the antibody is administered in
2	multiple dosages over a period of at least six months.
1	37. The method of claim 1, wherein the antibody is administered as a
2	sustained release composition.
1	38. A method of preventing or treating Alzheimer's disease, comprising
2	administering an effective dosage of a polypeptide comprising an active fragment of $A\beta$
3	that induces an immune response to $A\beta$ in the patient.
1	39. The method of claim 38, wherein the fragment comprises an epitope
2	within amino acids 1-12 of Aβ.
1	40. The method of claim 38, wherein the fragment comprises an epitope
2	within amino acids 1-16 of Aβ.
1	41. The method of claim 38, wherein the fragment comprises an epitope







- detecting a reduction in the extent or rate of development of the characteristics relative to a control transgenic animal.
- 55. The method of claim 54, further comprising screening a population of
  antibodies to identify an antibody that binds to an epitope within amino acids 1-28 of Aβ.

